Monday (30/03/2020):

Why is South Africa called a “Youth Nation”?

- It’s called a Youth Nation since the amount of young people drastically outweighs the amount of old ones. 66% of the people living in South Africa are 34 years or younger.

What combined percentage do those from the age of 0 to 14 make up regarding the entire population of South Africa?

- They make up about 30% of the entire population of South Africa.

What’s the combined percentage of those under the age of 50 (49 and below)?

- The combined percentage of those under the age of 50 amounts to 84.4%.

What’s the combined percentage of those over the age of 50 (50 and above)?

- The combined percentage of those over the age of 50 amounts to 14%.

What does the abbreviation “NEET” mean?

- It means Not in Employment Education or Training.

To whom does the NEET Rate apply and how high is it?

- It applies to those between the ages of 15 to 24 and was at 32.4% in 2018.

Look up the NEET Rate in Germany.

- See: https://www.indexmundi.com/facts/germany/indicator/SL.UEM.NEET.ZS
- 2003 it was at 10.3 %, but gradually decreased to 5.9% in 2018.

Wednesday (01/04/2020):

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What opportunities do young people have in South Africa?

- They can live and go where they want, study anywhere and go into any career. But this is only the opinion of some South Africans. Others feel like the government is not doing nearly enough to create a chance for the youth to go studying.

Why are some people happy with recent developments?

- Young people are glad that there has been a change in the country because they feel that they are now free to do what they want. They are also given more chances to make career because education has improved, modern equipment helps them in their studies and they are given financial support to get a degree. (II.1-8)
Why are others disappointed?

- Others think that nothing has really changed. There is still racial discrimination, no real support for those who want to go to university and get a decent job. Aids and crime are great risks in this country, which make people leave it. (II.9-18)